

1. True or false? Give a brief justification of your answer.
 - (a) $\emptyset \in \{\{2, 1\}, \{1\}, \{2, 3\}\}$, where \emptyset denotes the empty set.
 - (b) $\emptyset \subseteq \{\{2, 1\}, \{1\}, \{2, 3\}\}$.
 - (c) For all finite sets A and B , $|A \cup B| = |A| + |B|$, where $|A|$ is the number of elements in A .
 - (d) If A and B are sets, $A \times B = B \times A$ if and only if $A = B$.
 - (e) The following set can be the graph of a function:

$$\{(0, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (1, 2)\}$$

2. Prove the following for all sets A , B , and C :

$$A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$$

3. Prove that if R is an equivalence relation on a set A , then so is the inverse relation R^{-1} .
4. Prove that if the composition of $f: A \rightarrow B$ and $g: B \rightarrow A$ is the identity function on A , then f is one-to-one (injective) and g is onto (surjective).

References

- K. Devlin. *Sets, Functions, and Logic: An Introduction to Abstract Mathematics*. Chapman and Hall, London, 2nd edition, 1992.
- D. Velleman. *How to Prove it: a Structured Approach*. Cambridge University Press, 1994.